

Cross-Cultural Psychology Quiz on Chapter 9

1. Symptoms of psychological disorders that are observable in practically all cultures are called _____.
a. peripheral b. culture-bound c. medical d. central e. professional
2. What is the repressive adaptive style in coping with illness?
a. An individual's desire to seek immediate help b. An individual's desire to look for spiritual healers
c. A tendency of medical professionals to reject medication in therapy d. An individual's desire to hide the symptoms
e. A tendency of medical professionals not to diagnose mental illness
3. *Dhat* is a culture-bound syndrome that occurs primarily in India. However, similar conditions also occur in which two countries?
a. Russia and Poland b. Sri Lanka and China c. Canada and Australia
d. Libya and Chad e. Peru and Ecuador
4. There is a statistical difference between people of Western cultures and non-Western in terms of how they experience depressive symptoms. Which symptoms are more common in Western cultures than in non-Western cultures?
a. Muscle pain b. Guilt c. Abdominal pain
d. Euphoria, unlimited optimism e. Schizophrenia
5. Globally, what are the chances that an individual will be with Schizophrenia?
a. One in a hundred b. Three in a hundred c. One in a thousand
d. Three in a thousand e. Three in ten thousand
6. Michael Phillip's (2004) research revealed that Schizophrenia was more prevalent in Chinese females than males. T / F
7. Studies show that suicide rates tend to be higher in those nations that rank high on subjective well-being. T / F
8. Collectivist norms allow some very limited deviance from what is considered appropriate behavior. As a result, there should be more tolerance of and more social sanctions against any exhibition of histrionic or anti-social traits. T / F
9. A 2004 U.S. national survey of 1,100 physicians found that a majority of doctors maintained a certain belief regarding medical miracles. What is this belief?
10. The textbook refers to *hikikomori*, a complex form of withdrawal behavior observed in Japan. Such behavior resembles the symptoms of what DSM-IV disorder?